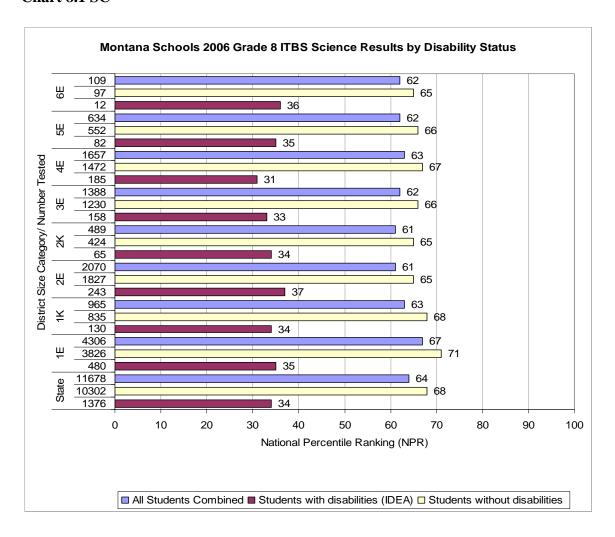
Chart 8.1 SC



1. All students

• The Science NPR for all Montana grade 8 students is the same as in 2005, 64%.

2. Students without disabilities

Statewide, the NPR for students without disabilities is the same as in 2005, 68%. That number is stable across the state with all district size categories plus or minus 2-5 percentage points.

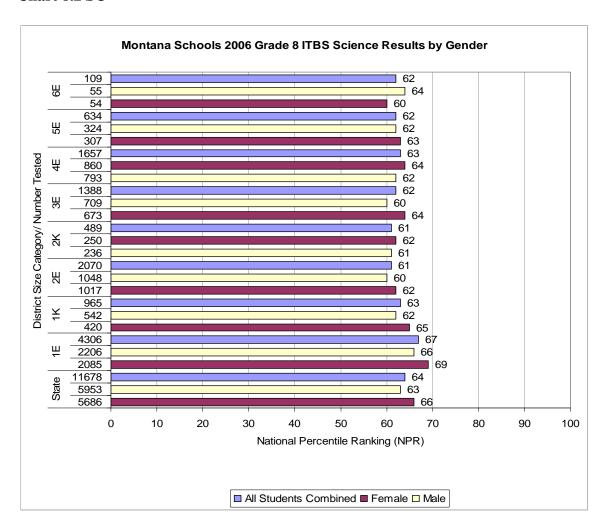
3. Students with disabilities

Statewide the NPR for students with disabilities is the same as in 2005, 34%. That number is stable across the state with all district size categories plus or minus 2-4 percentage points.

4. Comparisons

• Statewide, Montana students without disabilities scored 34 percentage points above students with disabilities, 68% and 34% respectively.

Chart 8.2 SC



1. All students

• The Science NPR for all Montana grade 8 students is the same as in 2005, 64%.

2. Female students

Statewide, the NPR for female students is the same as in 2005, 66%. That number is stable across the state with most district size categories plus or minus 2-4 percentage points except 6E where the number of students tested is too small for comparisons.

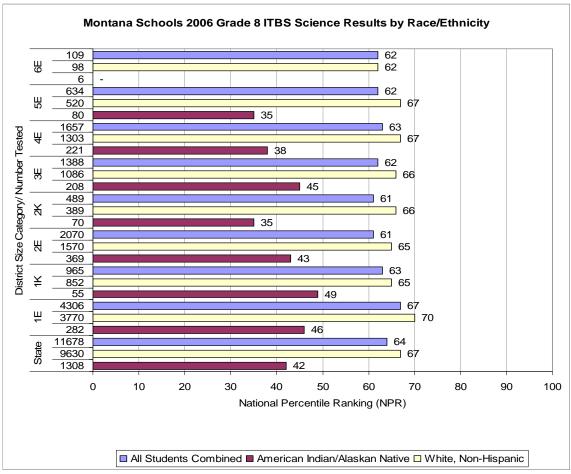
3. Male students

• Statewide, the NPR for male students is the 63%, one percentage point above 2005. That number is stable across the state with all district size categories plus or minus 2-4 percentage points.

4. Comparisons

Statewide, female students scored three percentage points above male students.
66% and 63% respectively.

Chart 8.3 SC



^{*} To protect privacy, no results will be reported where the count of test takers is less than 10.

1. All students

• The Science NPR for all Montana grade 8 students is the same as in 2005, 64%.

2. American Indian students

Statewide, the NPR for American Indian students is 42%, one percentage point below 2005. That number is relatively stable across the state with most reportable district size categories plus or minus 2-4 percentage points except for size category 1 K, 2K and 5E where the number of students tested is too small for comparisons.

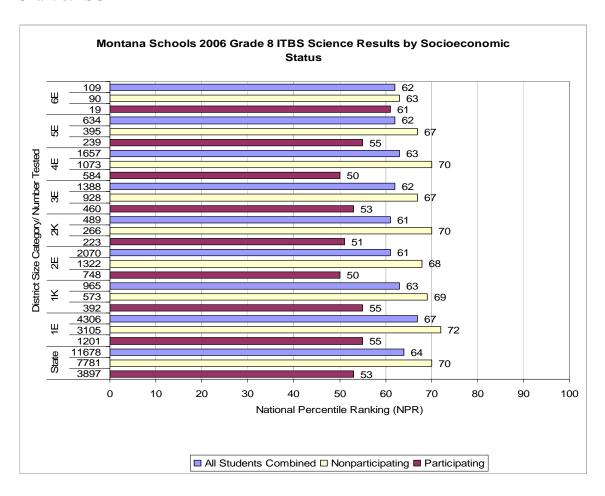
3. White students

• Statewide, the NPR for White students is the same as in 2005, 67%. That number is stable across the state with all district size categories plus or minus 2-5 percentage points.

4. Comparisons

• Statewide, Montana White students scored 25 percentage points above American Indian students, 67% and 42% respectively.

Chart 8.4 SC



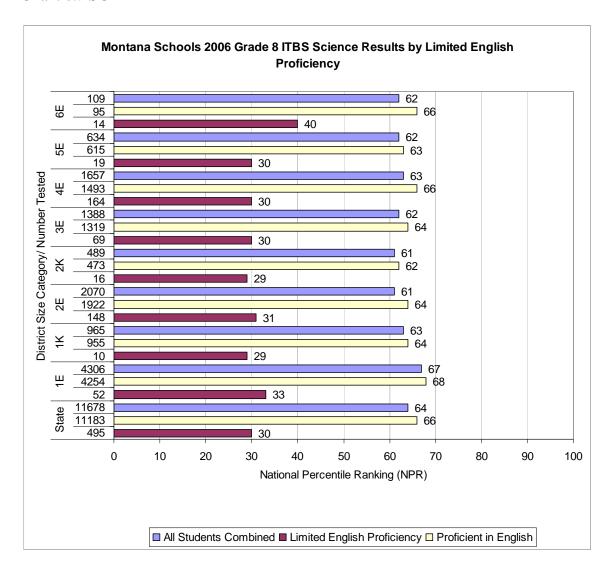
1. All students

- The Science NPR for all Montana grade 8 students is the same as in 2005, 64%.
- 2. Students participating in free/reduced lunch programs
 - Statewide, the NPR for students participating in free/reduced lunch programs is the same as in 2005, 53%. That number is relatively stable across the state with most district size categories plus or minus 2-3 percentage points except 6E where the number of students tested is too small for comparisons.
- 3. Students not participating in free/reduced lunch programs
 - 1. Statewide, the NPR for students not participating in free/reduced lunch programs is 70%, one percentage point above 2005. That number is stable with most district size categories plus or minus 2-3 percentage points except for 6E where the number of students tested is too small for comparisons.

4. Comparisons

 Statewide, students not participating in free/reduced lunch programs scored seventeen percentage points above students participating, 70% and 53% respectively.

Chart 8.5 SC



^{*} To protect privacy, no results will be reported where the count of test takers is less than 10.

1. All students

- The Science NPR for all Montana grade 8 students is the same as in 2005, 64%.
- 2. Students with limited English proficiency (LEP)
 - Statewide, the NPR for LEP students is the same as in 2005, 30%. The NPR scores vary among school size categories because of the wide variation in the number of LEP students tested.

3. Comparisons

Statewide, all Montana students scored 34 percentage points higher than limited English proficient students, 64% and 30% respectively. That number varies among school size categories because of the wide variation in the number of LEP students tested.